

For the prevention and cure of
BILIOUS & MALIGNANT FEVERS
is recommended
LAHN's ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS
THIS Medicine has been attended with a degree of success highly grateful to the inventor's feelings in several parts of the West Indies and in the Southern and Middle States, &c.

The testimony of a number of persons can be adduced, who have reason to believe that a timely use of this salutary remedy has, under Providence, preserved their lives when in the most alarming circumstances.

Facts of this conclusive nature speak in favour of a medicine than can be found in any work of pompos eulogy founded on mere assertion.

It is not indeed presumptuously proposed as an infallible cure, but the inventor has every possible reason that can result from extensive experience for believing that a dose of these Pills taken once in every two weeks during the prevalence of our bilious fevers, will prove an infallible preventive; and further, that in the earlier stages of those diseases their use will very generally succeed in restoring health, and frequently in cases deemed desperate and beyond the power of common remedies.

The operation of these pills is perfectly mild, so as to be used with safety by persons in every situation and of every age.

They are excellently adapted to carry off superfluous bile and prevent its morbid secretions—to restore and amend the appetite—to produce a free perspiration and thereby prevent colds which are often of fatal consequences. A dose never fails to remove a cold if taken on its first appearance: they are celebrated for removing habitual costiveness—sickness at the stomach and severe head-ache—and ought to be taken by all persons on a change of climate.

They have been found remarkably efficacious in preventing and curing disorders attendant on long voyages, and should be procured and carefully preserved for use by every seaman.

Hamilton's Elixir,

A sovereign remedy for colds, obstinate coughs, asthma, sore throats, catarrhs, and approaching consumptions—so parents who have children afflicted with the MOOPING COUGH, this discovery is of the first magnitude, as it affords immediate relief, checks the progress, and in a short time entirely removes the most cruel disorders to which children are liable. The Elixir is perfectly agreeable, and the dose so small that no difficulty arises in taking it.

Hamilton's Grand Restorative, is recommended as an invaluable medicine for the speedy relief and permanent cure of nervous Disorders. Violent cramps in consumptions. In the stomach and bowels of spirits. In the back. Loss of appetite. Indigestion. Purity of blood. Melancholy. Mysterious affection. Gout in the stomach and bowels. Weaknesses. Pains in the limbs and debility. Relaxations, etc.

Hamilton's Essence and Extract of Mustard.

A safe and effectual remedy for acute and chronic rheumatism, gout, rheumatic cut, palsy, lameness, numbness, white swelling, chilblains, sprains, bruises, pain in the face and neck, etc. etc.

Lee's Ointment for the Itch. Warranted an infallible remedy at one application, may be used with perfect safety by pregnant women, or on infants week old, not containing a particle of mercury or any dangerous ingredient whatever, and not accompanied with that irritating smart which attends the application of other remedies.

John's true & genuine German Corn Plaster.

An infallible remedy for corns, speedily removing them root and branch, without giving any pain.

The Genuine Persian Lotion, so celebrated among the fashionable roughs of Europe, is an invaluable cosmetic, perfectly innocent and safe, free from corrosive and repellent minerals, the basis of other lotions, and of unparalleled efficacy in removing blemishes from the face and skin, freckles, pimples, inflammatory redness, scurfs, tetter, ringworms, sunburns, prickly heat, &c.

Hahn's genuine Eye Water, a sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes, whether the effect of natural or of accident.

Tooth Ache Drops, the only remedy yet discovered which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

Lee's Infallible Ague and Fever Drops for the cure of agues, remittent and intermitte fevers.

At the place of sale pamphlets may be had gratis, describing cures performed by the above medicines; the number, importance and respectability of which, fully justify every article of this advertisement.

Sold on wholesale and retail, by JAMES KENNEDY & SON, 10th Street, Alexandria.

Alexandria Gazette & Daily Advertiser.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY SAMUEL SNOWDEN, ROYAL-STREET, ALEXANDRIA.

VOL. XIX.]

FRIDAY, MAY 15, 1818.

[No. 5227.

For Freight.

The brig BENEFATOR, W. L. Tracy master, burthen 1250 barrels, in complete order for any voyage.

ALSO,

The substantial and fast sailing sloop ELIZA BAR-KER, Peter Storms master, burthen 800 barrels.

ALSO,

The schooner ROSE-IN-BLOOM, David Howland master, burthen 700 barrels.

ALSO,

The brig T. H. HOWLAND, W. H. Tracy master, burthen 700 barrels.

ALSO,

The sloop ALONZO, Asa Barnes master, burthen 400 barrels, will take freight for Rhode Island or Boston, and be ready in one week to receive a cargo.

ALSO,

The sloop JOHN G. LADD & CO., W. H. Tracy master, burthen 400 barrels.

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AND DAILY ADVERTISER.

PUBLISHED BY
SAMUEL SNOWDEN,
ROYAL STREET.

Daily Gazette &c... Country Gazette &c.
FRIDAY, MAY 15, 1818.

THE SUN AND SPRING.
Bright god of day, whose genial power,
Revives the buried seed,
That spreads with foliage every bower,
With verdure every mead.
Bid all thy vernal breezes fly,
Diffusing mildness through the sky :
Give the soft season to our drooping plains,
Sprinkled with rosy dews, and salutary rains.

Enough has winter's hand severe
Hurled all his terrors round,
Chilled the fair dawning of the year,
And whiten'd all the ground :
Give but thy vital beams to play,
The frozen scenes will melt away,
And mix'd in sprightly dance, the blooming hours
Will make the drowsy spring, and spring
awake the flowers.



Agricultural.

HINTS TO FARMERS.
As a necessary preparation of rye for sowing, observe the following directions: Salt is to be dissolved in water until an egg can swim. Then half as much more is to be added and the seed put to steeping—after 12 hours an ounce of alum to every gallon is to be put in, and the whole stand twelve hours longer; the liquor must be drawn off and the rye spread on the floor and covered thick with slack lime sifted upon it and stirred until the whole is pregnant therewith, after which it is to be immediately sown. It is said there is not much danger of rye's blasting if managed in this manner, except only from local causes, such as barberry bushes which ought to be eradicated from the borders of fields as they will surely bring a blast.

We have read of a farmer, who for some reason being obliged to be early sowed oats at break of day, and had harrowed all in before sunrise. He observed that the oats sown thus early, outstripped the other oats sown on the same day after the day was come on, grew taller, had a larger head, and appeared every way better, although that part of the land that was sown early, if there was any difference, was the poorest side. Our author continues, it is agreeable to reason that it should do good. For the dews are impregnated with nitrous salts and the principal thing which enriches the ground when it lies fallow; this dew being harrowed in with the seed may promote its growth. If the seed were sown in the evening so as to lie all night to be soaked and softened by the dew, and then be harrowed in in the morning, thou knowest not whether shall prosper, this or that; it may therefore be best to make trial of both ways.

From the Connecticut Courant.

BITTER PUMPKIN.

Messrs. Printers,

I received last fall, from a friend in Massachusetts, a bitter pumpkin, which I beg leave, through the medium of your paper, to introduce to those unacquainted with it, as a great curiosity.—It is as pure and bitter as quassia, and perhaps as intense. Its appearance is exactly like any pumpkin, and there is nothing to distinguish it either in its growth, or the ripe fruit, but the taste. It has been known in some parts of Massachusetts for two or three years, and perhaps for a longer period. I understand that it has been used as a stomachic in some instances, infused in spirit, but that its principal use has been as a substitute for hops in making beer. I had some doubts whether it would answer as a substitute in making yeast; but, from some trials which have been made, I am inclined to believe it will. If so, it is a vegetable of great value.—It is raised with but very little trouble and expense, and is a more certain crop than hops. I have never seen in any medical or botanical publication, any account of this pumpkin, nor did I know of its existence until within a few months past.

A large portion of this sum is necessarily drawn from the banks.—During this East India season silver bears a premium in the market of 1 or 2 per cent above gold—it was but the other day that a principal New-York merchant, who deals largely in the East India trade, exchanged \$300,000 in gold with Mr. Girard

ALEXANDRIA:
FRIDAY, MAY 15, 1818.

Baltimore, May 12.

The Circuit Court was employed the whole of yesterday in the trial of John Alexander, charged with robbing the mail and with using dangerous weapons which put in jeopardy the life of the driver who had the charge of the mail. He was ably defended by counsel. The jury retired about 5 o'clock, and after a consultation of about two hours found him guilty.

This day, Lewis Hara, who is only about twenty years of age, being the younger brother of John, was tried and also found guilty, on charges similar to those on which his elder brother and Alexander have been convicted. The jury expressed a wish that he should be recommended as a proper object of Executive clemency, and the Attorney General expressed his willingness to unite in the recommendation.

Baltimore, May 12.

FROM PORTO RICO.

Captain Isley, of the brig Eagle, arrived this morning in 17 days from Porto Rico, informs, that previous to his departure the governor of that island received despatches from Madrid, which induced a belief that war was about to take place between Spain and some other of the European powers; in consequence of which the inhabitants were heavily taxed for the purpose of placing the island in a suitable posture of defence.

One of the papers states it as a remarkable fact, that "out of the five presidents of the United States who have served since the organization of the general government only one has had a male issue. This one is Mr. Adams."

It is more remarkable that there is any body who knows this fact!

[Newburyport Herald.

From the Washington City Gaz. May 13.

Yesterday, in Georgetown, the cornerstone of an Episcopal Church, to be called Christ's Church, was laid with masonic honors, consisting of procession from the lodge room of a respectable number of brethren from the lodges of the District, the clergymen of the several churches, and a vast concourse of the citizens of the town and neighborhood, accompanied by a band of music. Arrived at the spot, in Congress-street, and, after an appropriate prayer by the Rev. Mr. Norris, the masonic ceremony of laying the corner stone commenced, at which grand master Kurz officiated. Gold, silver and copper coins, bearing the date of the present year, were deposited in the cavity, and a plate, with the name of the president of the United States, date, &c. was placed over them. The Rev. Mr. Wilmer then delivered an energetic and suitable discourse; the Rev. Mr. Hawley followed with a prayer, imploring the divine blessing and protection for the accomplishment and prosperity of the undertaking, and the ceremony concluded by a similar act of piety by Mr. Norris. The brethren then returned, in order, to the lodge, and partook of some refreshments prepared for the occasion. The whole was performed with dignity, reverence, and becoming solemnity.

From the Boston Gazette of May 6.

the banker of Philadelphia, for silver coin, at 1 per cent, discount.—The eastern banks being called on for specie, are under the necessity of calling in their notes, as well as nearly confining their payments to gold, instead of silver.

The East India trade thus annually sends out of the United States a large sum of silver. The drain must be made up from some other quarter.—And our banks are thus put to the expence of importing annually a quantity of specie to supply the vacuum.

Is there no danger that this East India trade itself will be overdone? that more goods will come to be imported than we can profitably dispose of? Such is the enterprize of our merchants and the general facilities of obtaining capital, furnished by our numerous banks, that we can engage in few branches of speculation which we do not carry into excess. Mr. Maclure used to amuse himself with an extravagant speculation, which was once carried on in New-York in watermelons. There are few cities in the Union, which have suffered more by over dealing than Richmond. The East India rage has not reached her; but may not other towns yet suffer by it?

That the English traders view our trade with the East Indies with some jealousy, is no secret to our merchants; but that they seriously meditate some restrictions upon our commerce, is apparent from the following extract of a letter, put into our hands, dated Liverpool, 21st February last:

"The Houses engaged in the East India trade are preparing to have a Bill brought into Parliament to limit the import of India Cotton to British ships direct from India. If this succeeds, it will reduce that branch of your carrying trade to what can be disposed of on the Continent. There is however no doubt that it will meet a strenuous opposition from the manufacturing interests; but we think it may be important to you to know of this intended proceeding early. The American trade are fully upon the watch to get as much time as possible (five or six months) to cover such shipments to this country as may be now in operation or contemplated. This they will endeavor to accomplish either by compromise with the supporters of the bill or by actual opposition; but in a question of British interests it would appear invidious to attempt any thing further."

"Since writing the above, the mail (of last night) brings us an Essay in the Boston Gazette, which expresses much alarm at the present great and increasing trade to India.—The author makes the following remark:

"I would venture to hazard an opinion, that there is not as much specie in the banks of Boston (exclusive of special deposits) as will be shipped from here to India in one month—and what is to prevent all this from going away, if dollars can any where be purchased with it."

From the Boston Gazette of May 6.

FROM EUROPE.

The political affairs of none of the nations of Europe, France excepted, present any interesting aspects.

The finances of France are represented by the Minister of Finance to be in a very embarrassed state. With an unusual freedom, he announces that the expenditures of the current year, after all the savings which can be made will exceed the contemplated revenue upwards of two hundred and twenty millions of francs, (more than forty-four millions of dollars):—That the supply of this large sum, had been obtained by loans; but in those had of Messrs. Barrings and Hopes, (foreigners) there was a loss on the stock of more than 16 per cent, while there was a yet a still larger loss on the sum borrowed of the French House of Laffite. The Minister boldly announces, that the most oppressive of the French burthen is the cautionary army. He expresses the hope, that it will be withdrawn the ensuing November; and pronounces, very emphatically, that France is exhausted; and that her sacrifices must cease, for the termination of her means had arrived.—Whether this statement be true, or whether launched as a ruse-de-politique to propitiate or alarm the Congress of allied Sovereigns, is not easy to say. The reclamations of France by the various nations spoliated by Bonaparte, were not included in the estimate of the Minister, as they had not been reported on. The amount has been stated at seventeen hundred millions of francs—which the mi-

nister pronounces an exaggeration. But adds, that the pendency of these claims "arrest the rising wing of credit and impress on peace itself the character of hostility." Many of these claims are unquestionably just, and the enforcement of them on France would not reduce her to a lower ebb, than she reduced Prussia, Hamburg, Holland, &c.; but, nevertheless, if France were able to make war, we are confident that one to resist these demands would be very popular.

One of the streets of the city is built almost close to the edge of the precipice, and stairs hewn out of the solid rock, which lead to banks in the lower precipices, in which, though there is very little soil, gardens have been formed, where fig and orange trees grow with considerable luxuriance, and greatly contribute to the beauty of the scenery. From the situation of Ronda on the top of a rock, water is scarce, and stairs are constructed down to the river, by which means the inhabitants are supplied. We descended by one flight of three hundred and fifty steps, and at the bottom found a fine spring in a large cave, which after turning a mill at its source, contributes to increase the waters of the Guadiaro. From this spot, our view of the lofty bridge was most striking and impressive, and the houses and churches of the city, impeding over our heads on both banks, had a most sublime effect. Beyond the bridge the river takes a turn to the right, and passes under the Alamedy, from which the precipice of five hundred feet is very bold and abrupt, though interspersed with shrubs and trees. The Alamedy of this city is by far the most beautiful walk I have seen in Spain; the paths are paved with marble; the parterres are filled with evergreens; and over the paths, vines are twined on trellises, which, in the warmest weather, afford a grateful shade.

Soon after the Guadiaro quits the rocks of Ronda, it receives the tributary streams of Gundalevi, the Calabras, and the Alcoceba, and passes over the plain with this increase of water, till at one league distant, it is precipitated over some lofty rocks, making a cascade of beauty, and at length received into a cavern, where it is lost to the sight. The entrance to the cavern, which is called Cueva del Gato, is very lofty; and I was informed by those who had explored it, that after advancing about a mile, it extends itself into a large lake, on the banks of which are ruins of an ancient edifice: that beyond the lake, which is of unfathomable depth, the passage made by the water is too small to admit of further discovery; and that sometimes, the difficulty of discharging all the water by this aperture, causes the lake to rise almost to the roof. The termination of this cave is about four miles from its commencement, where the Guadiaro again becomes visible, and continues its course by Algeciras, till it enters the Mediterranean sea.

From the Boston Daily Adver. May 6.

The states general of Sweden have presented to the new king an address, requesting that his coronation may take place during the period of their being assembled. The following is an extract from the reply of the king, in which he promises to comply with their request:

"CITIZENS.—If any thing could alleviate the profound grief into which I am plunged by the death of a monarch who had so much claim to our reverence, it would be the regret felt by the nation for this sad and deplorable event—regret which the states general have been foremost in expressing.

In calling to itself the defender of the state, and the father of its people, Providence decrees that our constancy and our patriotism should be put to a trial.—That Providence which reads the hearts of men knows that our grief is sincere.—Almighty power will deign to watch over the two ancient kingdoms of the north and answer the fervent prayer of the king we now deplore.

Inheriting his love towards you, I pray Heaven to grant me the power to execute all that the tender and generous mind of that great monarch had conceived for your welfare.

The following description of the city of Ronda, in Spain, and of its neighborhood, we think can scarcely fail of being amusing and interesting to our readers:

Among the various things which have attracted my attention in Spain, none have excited so much admiration as the singular situation of this city, the river Guadiaro which encircles it, and the bridges which connect it with its suburbs. It is placed on a rock, with cliffs, either perpendicular and abrupt, towards the river, or with broken crags, whose jutting prominences, having a little soil, have been planted with orange and fig trees. A fissure in this rock, of great depth, surrounds the city on three sides, and at the bottom of the fissure the river rushes along with impetuous rapidity. Two bridges are constructed over the fissure; the first is a single arch, resting on the rocks on the two sides, the height of which from the water is one hundred and twenty feet. The river descends from this to the second bridge, whilst the rocks on each side as rapidly increase in height; so that from this second bridge to the water, there is the astonishing height of two hundred and eighty feet. The highest town in Spain, Geraldia in Seville, or the monument near London Bridge, if they were placed on the water, might stand under this stupendous arch, without their tops reaching it.

The mode of constructing this bridge is no less surprising than the situation in which it is placed, and its extraordinary elevation; it is supported by solid pillars of masonry, built from the bottom of the river, about fifteen feet in thickness, which are fixed into the solid rock on both sides, and on which the ends of the arch rest; other pillars are built to support these principal ones, which are connected to them by other small arches. A bridge was built on this spot in 1735, but the key-stone not having been properly secured, it fell down in 1741 by which fifty persons were killed. The present bridge was finished in 1774, by Don Joseph Martin Adelina, a celebrated architect of Malaga; and appears so well constructed as to bid defiance almost to time itself.

It is impossible to convey an adequate idea of it: from below it appears suspended in the air; and when upon the bridge, the river below no longer appears a mighty torrent, but resembles a rippling brook. When standing on the bridge, the optical delusion is very singular: the torrent appears to run up a hill towards the bridge, and the same phenomenon takes place when viewed in either direction.

One of the streets of the city is built almost close to the edge of the precipice, and stairs hewn out of the solid rock, which lead to banks in the lower precipices, in which, though there is very little soil, gardens have been formed, where fig and orange trees grow with considerable luxuriance, and greatly contribute to the beauty of the scenery. From the situation of Ronda on the top of a rock, water is scarce, and stairs are constructed down to the river, by which means the inhabitants are supplied. We descended by one flight of three hundred and fifty steps, and at the bottom found a fine spring in a large cave, which after turning a mill at its source, contributes to increase the waters of the Guadiaro. From this spot, our view of the lofty bridge was most striking and impressive, and the houses and churches of the city, impeding over our heads on both banks, had a most sublime effect. Beyond the bridge the river takes a turn to the right, and passes under the Alamedy, from which the precipice of five hundred feet is very bold and abrupt, though interspersed with shrubs and trees. The Alamedy of this city is by far the most beautiful walk I have seen in Spain; the paths are paved with marble; the parterres are filled with evergreens; and over the paths, vines are twined on trellises, which, in the warmest weather, afford a grateful shade.

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The following description of the city of Ronda, in Spain, and of its neighborhood, we think can scarcely fail of being amusing and interesting to our readers:

Among the various things which have attracted my attention in Spain, none have excited so much admiration as the singular situation of this city, the river Guadiaro which encircles it, and the bridges which connect it with its suburbs. It is placed on a rock, with cliffs, either perpendicular and abrupt, towards the river, or with broken crags, whose jutting prominences, having a little soil, have been planted with orange and fig trees. A fissure in this rock, of great depth, surrounds the city on three sides, and at the bottom of the fissure the river rushes along with impetuous rapidity. Two bridges are constructed over the fissure; the first is a single arch, resting on the rocks on the two sides, the height of which from the water is one hundred and twenty feet. The river descends from this to the second bridge, whilst the rocks on each side as rapidly increase in height; so that from this second bridge to the water, there is the astonishing height of two hundred and eighty feet. The highest town in Spain, Geraldia in Seville, or the monument near London Bridge, if they were placed on the water, might stand under this stupendous arch, without their tops reaching it.

The mode of constructing this bridge is no less surprising than the situation in which it is placed, and its extraordinary elevation; it is supported by solid pillars of masonry, built from the bottom of the river, about fifteen feet in thickness, which are fixed into the solid rock on both sides, and on which the ends of the arch rest; other pillars are built to support these principal ones, which are connected to them by other small arches. A bridge was built on this spot in 1735, but the key-stone not having been properly secured, it fell down in 1741 by which fifty persons were killed. The present bridge was finished in 1774, by Don Joseph Martin Adelina, a celebrated architect of Malaga; and appears so well constructed as to bid defiance almost to time itself.

It is impossible to convey an adequate idea of it: from below it appears suspended in the air; and when upon the bridge, the river below no longer appears a mighty torrent, but resembles a rippling brook. When standing on the bridge, the optical delusion is very singular: the torrent appears to run up a hill towards the bridge, and the same phenomenon takes place when viewed in either direction.

One of the streets of the city is built almost close to the edge of the precipice, and stairs hewn out of the solid rock, which lead to banks in the lower precipices, in which, though there is very little soil, gardens have been formed, where fig and orange trees grow with considerable luxuriance, and greatly contribute to the beauty of the scenery. From the situation of Ronda on the top of a rock, water is scarce, and stairs are constructed down to the river, by which means the inhabitants are supplied. We descended by one flight of three hundred and fifty steps, and at the bottom found a fine spring in a large cave, which after turning a mill at its source, contributes to increase the waters of the Guadiaro. From this spot, our view of the lofty bridge was most striking and impressive, and the houses and churches of the city, impeding over our heads on both banks, had a most sublime effect. Beyond the bridge the river takes a turn to the right, and passes under the Alamedy, from which the precipice of five hundred feet is very bold and abrupt, though interspersed with shrubs and trees. The Alamedy of this city is by far the most beautiful walk I have seen in Spain; the paths are paved with marble; the parterres are filled with evergreens; and over the paths, vines are twined on trellises, which, in the warmest weather, afford a grateful shade.

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One of the streets of the city is built almost close to the edge of the precipice, and stairs hewn out of the solid rock, which lead to nooks in the lower precipices, in which, though there is very little soil, gardens have been formed, where fig and orange trees grow with considerable luxuriance, and greatly contribute to the beauty of the scenery. From the situation of Ronda on the top of a rock, water is scarce, and stairs are constructed down to the river, by which means the inhabitants are supplied. We descended by one flight of three hundred and fifty steps, and at the bottom found a fine spring, in a large cave, which after turning a mill at its source, contributes to increase the waters of the Guadairo. From this spot, our view of the lofty bridge was most striking and impressive, and the houses and churches of the city, impeding over our heads on both banks, had a most sublime effect. Beyond the bridge the river takes a turn to the right, and passes under the Alameyda, from which, the precipice of five hundred feet is very bold and abrupt, though interspersed with shrubs and trees. The Alameyda of this city is by far the most beautiful walk I have seen in Spain; the paths are paved with marble; the parterres are filled with evergreens; and over the paths, vines are twined on trellises, which, in the warmest weather, afford a grateful shade.

Soon after the Guadairo quits the rocks of Ronda, it receives the tributary streams of Guadalevi, the Culebras, and the Alacocan, and passes over the plain with this increase of water, till at one league distant, it is precipitated over some lofty rocks, making a cascade of beauty, and is at length received into a cavern, where it is lost to the sight. The entrance to the cavern, which is called Cueva del Gato, is very lofty; and I was informed by those who had explored it, that after advancing about a mile, it extends itself into a large lake, on the banks of which are ruins of an ancient edifice: that beyond the lake, which is of unfathomable depth, the passage made by the water is too small to admit of further discovery; and that sometimes, the difficulty of discharging all the water by this aperture, causes the lake to rise almost to the roof. The termination of this cave is about four miles from its commencement, where the Guadairo again becomes visible, and continues its course by Algecina, till it enters the Mediterranean sea.

Attention!
PRESIDENTS' HORSE GUARDS.
You are required to attend muster and inspection, on Saturday, the 16th May, at the market square Roll called 10 o'clock. P. H. MINOR, 1st sergt.

NOTICE.
The Council will sit as a Court of Appeals on the 14th, 15th, and 16th days of the present month, from the hour of 10 to 2 o'clock. I. P. THOMPSON C. C.
The books will be in the Council Chamber, on Wednesday the 15th inst. when the assessors will attend.

Extract from the law of the Corporation.
Section 4. Be it further enacted, that no appeals will be heard after the time appointed for the sitting of Council as a Court of Appeals, or after the adjournment thereof, as may be by them determined upon.

MARRIED,
In this city, on Wednesday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Wilmer, Mr. John H. Dog, Printer, to Miss Mary R. Butler, late of Westmoreland co. Virginia.

Exchange Coffee House
MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF ALEXANDRIA, May 14.

CLEARED,
Schr Henrietta, Nevett, Georgetown.
Sloop Concordia, Grant, N. London.

SAILED.
Ship Potomac, Bradford, Liverpool.

Schr Ann, Smith, cl. at Salem 9th instant, for this port.

Steam Boat Report.
The Washington ar. at 2 p. m. Left below, brig Leopard, Lake, fr. N. York; also, a full rigged brig, in ballast trim-bound up.

Lawrasou & Fowle,
Have just received and for sale,
178 casks of Nails and Brads, 100
sorts, from 2d. to 5d.

May 15
For Savannah,
The substantial and fast
sailing schr. ELIZA BAR-
RETT, Peter Storrs master,
has half her cargo engaged,
and will sail in 4 or 5 days. For freight
of 300 barrels or passage apply to

T. H. HOWLAND.
5th mo. 15th fmst

Late Fashions.
MISS SUSAN L. BLUNT, respect-
fully informs the ladies of Alex-
andria, that she has just received the
Latest Philadelphia Fashions,
and will be grateful for such orders as
she may be favored with—Her residence
is in Water, a few doors above Duke
street.
May 14—41

Valuable Mill for Sale.
PURSUANT to the last will and test-
ament of Joseph Dean, deceased,
will be exposed to sale, on Tuesday the
16th June next, at 12 o'clock, on the pre-
mises—

Valuable Merchant Mill,
known by the name of "BUCKLAND
MILL," situated in the village of Buck-
land, Prince William County, Virginia,
33 miles from Alexandria, from whence
there is a good turnpike road. The mill
house is large and commodious, the
whole in good repair, with Evans's ma-
chinery complete. There are three pair
of burs, and two water-wheels 18 feet
high, & it is capable of manufacturing 40
bbls. of flour daily. The stream is never
failing and affords sufficient water for other
water works. To the mill there is
attached about 100 acres of land, and
near the mill is a comfortable dwelling
house, and garden. This property is situ-
ated in one of the best wheat neighbor-
hoods in Virginia—the title is clear of
any encumbrance. One fourth of the pur-
chase money will be required in cash,
the remainder in accommodating pay-
ments, which will be made known on the
day of sale. The premises will be shewn
by Mr. Wm. Brooks, residing at Buck-
land. HUGH SMITH,
Executor of Joseph Dean, dec'd.
May 15 J. M. 16

Landing this Day.
F ROM on board the British brig Mi-
servo, captain Jennings, from Bor-
deaux, and for sale by the subscriber,
146 hds. choice molasses
54 hds. first quality Barbados sugar
May 14 FR. ADAMS, Jr.
S. Messersmith,
OFFERS FOR SALE
100 BOXES Mould Candles, (from
the manufacturers of Sampson
& Co. and F. Hyde)
400 reams wrapping paper
170 barrels kiln dried corn meal
24 lbs.
2 pipes Tenerife wine
1 brandy
2 boxes liquorice paste
2 gun copal
15 bags Sumatra pepper
20 dozen bottles lime juice
6 hds. Virginia tobacco, (Dumfries
inspection) May 14—8t

Public Sale.
On Tuesday next, at 12 o'clock, will be sold on Dean's
wharf, two thirds of the ship
WINIFRED, 217 1-2 tons
burthen, built at Charleston of live oak and cedar. She is now in complete order to receive a cargo. Terms of sale, good notes with an approved endorser, at 3 and 6 months' date.

HUGH SMITH, Executor of
Joseph Dean, deceased.

N. B. The remaining third will be offered for sale at the same time and on the same terms.

May 14 J. M. 19

Notice.
I HAVE some NEGROES, which I will sell to any person residing in the District of Columbia, or the counties of Fairfax, Loudoun, and Prince William in Virginia.

Southern traders and their agents need not apply. AUG FITZHUGH.
May 14

Wanted,
A NUMBER of VESSELS to trans-
port Stone from the Falls near
Georgetown, on the Potomac, to Old
Point Comfort, Chesapeake Bay. The
stone is convenient for loading. Two
dollars per perch will be given for freight.
Apply to Lieut. Col. W. K. ANNISTON,
Agent for fortifications.

May 15 J. M. 19

Spanish Hides.
1925 HEAVY HIDES just re-
ceived per schooner ELIZA
Barker, from Maratham, for sale.
Apply to

JAMES & JOSHUA HARPER.
May 15 J. M.

Shad, Herrings and Salt.
1925 INDUSTRY & HILL have just receiv-
ed and offer for sale,
200 lbs. nett and gross shad
40 herring, last year's which
will be sold low
1700 bushels bright Turks Island salt

May 15 J. M.

Public Auction.
On Monday the 18th inst.
if fair, if not, the first fair
day thereafter, will be sold at
public sale, the superior sailing
sloop ELIZA ANN, with all her tackle
and apparel. The sale will take place
on the wharf adjoining that of the
Georgetown Importing and Exporting
Company, at 12 o'clock, when the terms,
which are liberal, will be made known.

WRIGHT & DAVIS, Auct'd.
Georgetown, May 13 J. M.

Late Fashions.
MISS SUSAN L. BLUNT, respect-
fully informs the ladies of Alex-
andria, that she has just received the
Latest Philadelphia Fashions,
and will be grateful for such orders as
she may be favored with—Her residence
is in Water, a few doors above Duke
street.
May 14—41

COHEN'S OFFICE,
BALTIMORE, MAY 12.
MEDICAL COLLEGE LOTTERY,
THIRTEENTH DAY'S DRAWING.
19443 4181 prizes of \$500
19125 100
\$912 15879 50
12 of 2d, and 149 of \$12 each.
* Sold at Cohen's Office.

Drawing again on Thursday next.
On Tuesday next the first draw number
will be entitled to

Five Thousand Dollars.
The Capital Prizes of
\$30,000 20,000 10,000
10,000 5,000 5,000
Still in the wheel, which has gained up-
wards of

16,000 Dollars!
Whole Tickets, \$15
Halves, 7 50
Quarters, 3 75
Eighths, 1 87
To be had (warranted undrawn) at

COHEN'S
Lottery & Exchange Office,
110 MARKET-STREET,
110 MARKET-STREET,
Where prize tickets and most kinds
of foreign bank notes are received in
payment at par.

Orders promptly attended to.
The drawing continues regularly twice
every week. May 14

Great Surgical Lottery,
NOW DRAWING.
ALLEN'S LIST OF PRIZES.
THIRD DAY'S DRAWING.
1937 1483 3521 1876 prizes of \$1000
3802 1805 2693 of 500
166 2852 2901 2104 of 200
* Sold at Allens'.
Remained unsold

Will draw again on Thursday next.
The first drawn number will be entitled to
\$3000, and the last drawn to \$1000.
\$20,000, and 3 of \$5000.

Are yet floating in the wheel, which
together with the grand prizes of
\$100,000, \$50,000, \$10,000,
which are to be drawn, has greatly en-
riched the wheels, and consequently the
tickets will soon be advanced.

Tickets \$110, and shares in the same
proportion, to be had at

ALLEN'S,
LUCKY LOTTERY OFFICE,
151, Market street, Baltimore,
Prize tickets and foreign bank notes
received in payment.

Orders by mail promptly attended to.
May 7—9 J. M.

Insurance Company against
Fire in Washington city.

A meeting of the Commissioners,
appointed by Act of Congress of the
8th of April last, to establish an Insur-
ance Office against Fire, in the city of
Washington, it was

Resolved, That books be opened at
Davis's hotel, in said city, on Monday
the 25th inst. under said Commissioners,
or any three of them, to receive subscrip-
tions for the capital stock of said com-
pany; and that the books shall be kept open
from 10 o'clock, a. m. until 6 p. m. and
to remain open from day to day during
the same hours, until the number of shares
required by law shall be taken.

By order of the Commissioners,
ALEXANDER KERR,
Acting Secretary.
May 12 J. M. 25

Notice.

THE Pews in the new Saint Paul's
Church, will be offered for sale by
public auction, in the said Church, com-
mencing at 10 o'clock, a. m. on Monday
the 18th inst.—The terms and conditions
to be then and there made known.

By order of the Vestry:
J. B. NICKOLLS, Sec.

The Church will be consecrated
by Bishop Moore, on Sunday the 17th
instant.

May 11—d1w

Shoes, Straw Bonnets & Hats.

JUST received and for sale at the

Shoe store of WILLIAM TRUE,
King-street, an assortment of shoes,
which, in addition to his former stock,
makes it complete.

7 cases Ladies' straw bonnets, of the
newest patterns.

Men's and Boys' fine and coarse hats
of every description.

Country merchants can be supplied
with the above articles at the Baltimore
and Philadelphia prices.

A few of Hall's Patent Rifles for sale.

N. B. Boots and Shoes manufactured
as usual, and orders thankfully received.

May 7 J. M. 25

Lumber Yard.

W. WRIGHT & CO. have on hand

and intend keeping a constant
supply of the best kind of LUMBER and
LIME, at their wharf, near the lower fer-
ry, and request their friends and the pub-
lic in general to call and see for them-
selves, and think they will be pleased

with the price and quality of their lum-
ber.

april 23

Coffee and Molasses.

70 B. G. S. prime green coffee

9 tierces } 35 barrels

25 hds. bright molasses

3 ditto West India rum

15 half barrels prime mess beef for

salines—just received for sale by

ABRAHAM ADAMS, Central wharf.

May 8

Ship Timber, &c.

THE subscriber, residing on Matta-
woman Creek, in Charles County,

Maryland, will dispose of (standing) a

large quantity of first rate White Oak
Ship Timber, Wharf Logs, Timber suited

for Staves, Plank, Scantling, or other

purposes, in any quantity; likewise sev-
eral thousand cords Oak Wood. Pur-
chasers will find it to their advantage to

apply as the terms will be moderate, and
there is navigable water to the spot.

W. MASON.

May 8

Umbrella, Parasol and Trunk
Manufactory.

A SMALL assortment of elegant PA-
RASOLS and UMBRELLAS for

sale at the store formerly occupied by

Mr. Samuel Kirk, in King-street, 2 doors

below Washington-street.

W. MASON.

May 8

SALES AT AUCTION.

By P. G. MARSTELLER.

Molasses, Sugar and Rum.

THIS DAY, at 10 A. M.

Will be sold without reserve, on a liberal

credit, at Entwistle's wharf,

54 hds. molasses (prime retailing)

25 lbs. first quality sugar

9 hds. do. do.

13 hds. rum

The cargo of the brig MELIOR.

May 15

On SATURDAY, at half past 3, p. m.

will be sold, at the dwelling house of

J. F. CALDWELL, on King-street, between

Pitt and St. Asaph streets,

A VARIETY OF

Household & Kitchen Furni-
ture.

<

HOUSES, LANDS, &c.

Notice.

THE subscriber, who are executors to the last will and testament of Col. John Fitzgerald, and wishing to settle, close and adjust the amount of his bequests to the government, will dispose of, by private contract, that well known & valuable 57 acre LOT, adjoining the city of Alexandria, (subject to the dower-right of the widow) wherein is the celebrated federal spring, and a portion of said lot on a commanding and beautiful eminence, well adapted for dwelling house. They will also sell the distillery lot, nearly adjoining Hunter's ship yard, with sundry articles thereto appertaining, viz. a large still, worm, &c. Applications may be made, either separately or jointly to the subscribers, who are empowered by the Comptroller of the Treasury, to give any reasonable time for payment of the purchase money, or approved securities.

THOS. A. DIGGES, of Warrenton.
JAS. KEITH, Alexandria.
May 15.

Public Sale.

By virtue of a deed of trust to the subscriber from Korn & Winemiller, for the purposes herein expressed, will be sold, without reserve, on the premises, on MONDAY the first day of June next, that Valuable Property, on which there is a convenient dwelling and back-house, situate on the west side of Washington and to the northward of Duke-street, adjoining the property of Mr. Prince Janney and occupied by the late John Korn.

A credit will be given of 6, 12 and 18 months, upon note with approved endorsers, bearing interest from the day of sale, to be secured by a lien upon the property.

JOHN HOOFF, Trustee.
May 6.

Public Sale.

By virtue of a deed of trust to the subscriber from the late Dr. James Kennedy, jun. for the purposes herein expressed, will be sold, without reserve, on the premises, on Tuesday the 19th of May next, that valuable property situate on the east side of Fairfax-street, 72 feet 33 inches, to the northward of the intersection of Fairfax and Prince streets, part of which was formerly occupied by the deceased as a druggist shop, and is now in the tenancy of Messrs. German & Noves. It comprehends two lots, with distinct tenements, which, united, furnish a front on Fairfax-street of 29 feet; 24 feet of which extends the depth of 123 feet 5 inches in a line parallel to Prince street, and the remaining 5 feet extending back 50 feet 10 inches.

A credit will be given of 6, 12 and 18 months upon note with an approved endorser, bearing interest from the date, and secured by a lien upon the property.

JAS. KEITH, Trustee.
April 18.

For Sale.

I will sell my property in the town of Alexandria, consisting of a two story Brick House, very convenient and well finished, together with the adjoining Brick Building—the whole in fee simple.

Also, a small FARM, in Fairfax county, near the Fall's Church, ten miles from Alexandria, and eight from Georgetown, consisting of 100 acres. There is on the said Farm a Dwelling House and Smoke House, a young orchard of choice fruit, and most excellent water spring. About 15 acres of the said land are in clover—all under fencing. For further information inquire of the subscriber.

April 15. JOHN C. GENERES

350 Acres of Land for sale.

The subscriber wishes to sell 350 acres of LAND in the upper part of Prince William county, Va., lying immediately on the road leading from Haymarket to Leesburg, and about 3 miles from Aldie mills, from which latter place there is a turnpike road to Alexandria, distant 33 miles. One half of this farm is covered with a heavy growth of timber, such as white oak, black oak, hickory, locust, &c. The buildings are all new and in good order. As there is a saw mill erected on an adjoining farm, the timber may be converted into plank with convenience. This land is well watered, and none more susceptible of improvement or better adapted to the use of clover and plaster. Persons desirous of purchasing would do well to call and see it, as a great bargain may be had. Terms apply to the subscriber living on the premises.

N. B. If this land is not sold before the first day of October next, it will then be offered at public sale.

THOS. BRISCOE.
Prince Wm. County, Va.
April 11.

Wharf and Warehouses.

The subscriber offers to lease, for a term of years, that valuable Wharf and range of Warehouses now occupied by himself. This property would be very valuable to a person doing a large shipping business. Terms apply to JOSEPH DEAN.

April 1.

Public Sale.

BY virtue of a deed of trust from Gen. B. W. Edmonds and wife, to the subscriber, to secure the payment of money to John Lloyd, will be sold on the premises, on Wednesday, the 26th day of May next,

A Tract of Land.

situate on Gap Run, in the county of Fauquier, near the town of Paris, and containing two hundred and fifty acres, terms of sale, cash.

WM. HERBERT, Jun.
April 21

May 20

Trustee

Land for Sale.

THE subscriber wishes to dispose of the whole or a part of a tract of LAND, containing between 6 and 700 acres, lying within 5 miles of Alexandria and 4 and a half from the Washington bridge, and divided into four parts by the Leesburg road, and the turnpike from the Washington bridge to the Little River turnpike. No. 1 contains about 60 acres, has a fine orchard and some young wood, and is partly enclosed. No. 2, containing about 80, and No. 3 about 150 acres, lay nearest to Alexandria, and are entirely covered with a young growth of hickory and oaks with some wood—these three parts lay admirably for cultivation, and the latter has on it one of the finest springs in the county. No. 4 has on it a two story frame house with two large rooms on a floor, kitchen, laundry and smoke house, together with several tenements, one of which, situated at the junction of the two roads, is an excellent waggon stand, well known by the name of Scott's Tavern. There are on it also, several orchards, some fine springs, and a never failing stream sufficient for water works: part of it is in cultivation and tolerably well enclosed, with a sufficient quantity of wood. The three first parts may be had separately, or the whole together at a very moderate price, on the following terms, viz. One-fourth cash—one-fourth on the first September next, and the balance in two equal annual payments thereafter, with interest—Possession will be given the purchaser immediately. The title is good and free from encumbrance. The premises will be shown by J. B. M. Farling, living thereon, and any application directed to me, in Washington City, will be attended to.

WM. B. RANDOLPH.
April 15

Wm. 1

600 acres of Land for sale.

THE tract is situated in Westmoreland county, Virginia, adjacent to Mr. Garnett Hunter's Plantation, and contiguous to the waters of the Potowmac.

The neighborhood is good—water excellent, and very desirable situations for building. A considerable proportion of the land is well timbered, besides a good deal of cedar, pine and other wood, sufficiently convenient to make it an object for those who may be disposed to send it to market—it is nearly equidistant from Baltimore, Washington and Norfolk.

Any one wishing to purchase may apply to ROGER JONES,

Alexandria.

Also, a very valuable LOT, containing 140 acres, being a part of the late Mr. John Barber's tract—within 6 miles of Georgetown, S. from the Little Falls Bridge, and near to the turnpike leading from thence to Wiley's, in Fairfax county, Va. A great proportion of this land is exceedingly well timbered, and that part which is not, is so recently cleared as to be in an active state for cultivation, and already in a productive condition.

For terms, apply to PHILIP C. JONES,

in Leesburg, Va. or to R. JONES,

March 30.

Eligible Building Lots.

THE subscriber will sell or lease on ground rent, for a term of years, or forever, several Lots eligible situated on Fairfax-street, opposite the public square, on Cameron-st. near the Bank of Alexandria, and Union-Street, opposite Messrs. McGoire & Co.'s lumber yard, which streets are paved. Also, undivided Lots on Water and Princess streets.

Two Dwelling Houses and two vacant Lots adjoining, on Princess-street, between Union and Water streets.

Two Dwelling Houses and two vacant Lots adjoining, on Princess-street, between Water and Fairfax streets.

Two large Brick Warehouses, corner of King and Columbus streets—the best stands in Alexandria for the flour and grocery business.

A Dwelling House and Lots adjoining the above, on King-street, at present occupied by Mr. Rooker.

A vacant Lot on Commerce-street, near the warehouses of Mr. Gilman.

A Lot containing 7 acres, adjoining the Little River turnpike gate No. 1, enclosed and in fine order for cultivation.

Any of the above described property will be sold on very liberal terms—for which please apply to John Dundas, in Alexandria, or to the subscriber residing in Baltimore. W. H. DUNDAS.

January 23

dstwimf

Valueable Property for Sale.

THE subscriber having removed from Alexandria, offers for sale, on a liberal credit, the following Valuable Property:

His Wharf and Warehouses, at the intersection of Union and Princess streets, at present occupied by M. Miller, Esq. A Dwelling House and Lot on Princess-street, between Union and Water streets.

Two Dwelling Houses and two vacant Lots adjoining, on Princess-street, between Water and Fairfax streets.

Two large Brick Warehouses, corner of King and Columbus streets—the best stands in Alexandria for the flour and grocery business.

A Dwelling House and Lots adjoining the above, on King-street, at present occupied by Mr. Rooker.

A vacant Lot on Commerce-street, near the warehouses of Mr. Gilman.

A Lot containing 7 acres, adjoining the Little River turnpike gate No. 1, enclosed and in fine order for cultivation.

Any of the above described property will be sold on very liberal terms—for which please apply to John Dundas, in Alexandria, or to the subscriber residing in Baltimore. W. H. DUNDAS.

January 23

dstwimf

Valueable Family Medicines.

JUST received, direct from the proprietors, the following valuable MEDICINES, all of which have been in use for a number of years past, in almost every part of the United States; have been highly patronized by people of the first respectability; and approved by those who have had occasion to make use of them, for the cure of those disorders for which they are severally calculated.

Dr. Lee's Genuine (Windham) Bilious Pills.

Universally known and used throughout the United States as a family medicine. The fame of these pills has become so great, that many have attempted to counterfeit them—to guard against this, the proprietors have procured a stereotype label, and each box of Genuine Lee's Pills will hereafter be enclosed in

one of these labels, with these words on the sides: "Lee's Genuine Windham Bilious Pills" and on the end of the label the words, "Samuel Lee, patentee, &c. J. Thompson, agent, joint proprietor," &c. and should any be offered for sale without said label on them, the purchaser may be assured that they are counterfeit.

Dr. Thompson's celebrated Eye Water.

For the cure of inflamed and sore eyes of almost every description. This valuable preparation comes highly recommended from the most respectable sources.—Price 50 and 25 cents a bottle.

Dr. Rawson's Genuine Itch Ointment.

A certain and safe cure for that disagreeable complaint, as well as other eruptions of the skin. Price 37 1/2 cents a box.

Dr. Rawson's Anti-Bilious and Stomachic Bitters.

For weakly and infirm constitutions.

Price 37 1/2 cents a box.

Hinchley's Inflatable Remedy for the Piles.

A most valuable medicine. Price 50 cents a box.

Thompson's Aromatic Tooth Paste.

For whitening and preserving the teeth—it may be used with the greatest safety. Price 50 cents a box.

Specific Drops for the Tooth Ache.

Which, in almost every case, gives instant relief in that distressing complaint. Price 37 1/2 cents a box.

Cooley's Vegetable Elixir, for Coughs, Asthma, Consumption, &c.

A very valuable medicine in those complaints. Price 50 cents a bottle.

For Sale or to Rent.

THE extensive and valuable property at the south east corner of King and Henry streets, comprising two STORES and DWELLING HOUSES.

The corner store very handsomely fitted up for an Ironmongery and Hardware establishment, lately occupied by Messrs. Richard Stale & Co., and as a stand for that business is equal to any in town.—The other store is fitted for the Grocery business. This property may be purchased upon a very liberal credit, or it could be exchanged, at a fair valuation, for property improved nearer to the river.

MANDEVILLE & LARMOUR.

February 23

To let.

James Kennedy & Son,

RESPECTFULLY inform the public

that they have just received from

LEE'S MEDICINE STORE,

No. 16, Maiden lane, New-York, a fresh

supply of the following valuable MEDICINES:

Hamilton's Warm-destroying Lozen-

ges,

Which have within sixteen years past

cured an immense number of persons of

both sexes of every age and in every sit-

uation, of various dangerous complaints

arising from WORMS, and from obstruc-

tions or foulness in the stomach and bow-

els.

This medicine bears no analogy what-

ever to others of similar titles so com-

monly complained of as operating with

violence, or on the contrary a particular

excellence of this remedy is its being

suited to every age and constitution.

It contains nothing but what is perfectly in-

nocent & is so mild in its operation that it

cannot injure the most delicate pregnant

lady or the tenderest infant of a week old

should no worms exist in the body; but

will, without pain or griping cleanse the

stomach and bowels of whatever is foul

or offensive, and thereby prevent the pro-

duction of worms and many fatal dis-

orders. The lozenges are particularly

efficacious in carrying off all gross hu-

morous and eruptions, feverish and bilious

complaints, and are the safest and most mild

and easiest purgative that can be used on any

occasion.

Description of Worms, and the sym-

ptoms by which they are known.

Worms which infest the human body

are chiefly of four kinds viz.—